
Legal Framework of Uzbek-Turkish Cooperation within the UN

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Abstract: The author of the article focuses on the cooperation between Uzbekistan and Turkey in the framework of the United Nations. The conclusion shows that cooperation between the two countries is carried out in various fields, especially in the political, economic and cultural spheres. The socio-political changes, radical reforms and great achievements in all spheres over the past few years have become an unprecedented event in the history of independent Uzbekistan and ushered in a new era in international relations, foreign policy and foreign economic relations.

Keywords: UN, international relations, cooperation, humanitarian aid, legal framework of cooperation, international relations.

The United Nations is an international organization for peace and security, established under the leadership of the great powers that won World War II to prevent and protect against the recurrence of wars and threats to peace in the first half of the twentieth century.

The UN Charter, the founding treaty of the United Nations, was signed on June 26, 1945 in San Francisco by 50 states, including Turkey. Later, when Poland also signed the Charter, the number of founding member states reached 51. The United Nations officially became operational on October 24, 1945, after the completion of the ratification process by the five permanent members of the UN Security Council, including the United Nations Charter. Since then, October 24 has been celebrated annually as UN Day. The United Nations is the largest international organization with nearly 200 member states. The United Nations is the first international organization to join Uzbekistan since independence. To this day, this cooperation continues in many areas, including peace and security, health, environment, education, culture, and tourism.

The socio-political changes, radical reforms and great achievements in all spheres over the past few years have become an unprecedented event in the history of independent Uzbekistan and ushered in a new era in international relations, foreign policy and foreign economic relations. started. At the same time, as a result of important foreign policy initiatives successfully implemented, high results are being achieved on a large scale in the international arena.

Uzbekistan's relations with the UN. It is known that modern international relations are characterized by the growing role of multilateral diplomacy. Multilateral diplomacy covers many important aspects of international life related to UN activities. In the past short period, our partnership with the United Nations has reached a qualitatively new level in order to strengthen cooperation, one of the key areas of foreign policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

In his Address to the Oliy Majlis on December 29, 2020, President "The issues of developing

close cooperation with the United Nations and other influential international and regional structures will always be in the center of our attention." In 2021, under the auspices of the United Nations, we will host the Global Forum on Human Rights Education, the World Youth Conference on Youth Rights, and regional conferences on religious freedom.

The UN is a unique, historically important and universal organization aimed at strengthening international peace and security, developing cooperation between states, operating in all areas of international life and cooperation. It is known that 30 years ago, on March 2, 1992, the new sovereign state - the Republic of Uzbekistan - became an equal member of the world community. Since then, we have always relied on the support of the United Nations in solving our problems.

The current process of globalization in the world has a positive impact on human development, as well as various threats and dangers. In this context, the most prestigious international structure of our time - effective cooperation with the UN to ensure peace and sustainable development - is fully in the fundamental national interests of our people. In particular, the speech of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev at the 72nd session of the UN General Assembly marked a new stage in Uzbek-UN relations. In his speech at the session, the President said, "We firmly believe that the United Nations will continue to play a decisive role in international relations." This strong political and diplomatic position is once again reflected in the initiatives of global and regional significance put forward by the head of our state on September 23, 2020 at the 75th session of the UN General Assembly.

Today, more than a dozen UN programs, funds and agencies, as well as a number of specialized agencies operate in Uzbekistan. In turn, there is a Permanent Mission in New York and a Permanent Mission to the UN Office in Geneva and other international organizations. In recent years, Uzbekistan has been strengthening cooperation with the UN Office in Geneva. Uzbekistan has also intensified its participation in the work of the UN General Assembly and other specialized agencies.

The visits of the Special Rapporteurs of the UN Secretary-General, the High Commissioner for Human Rights, the UN Special Rapporteur on Religious Beliefs and the Independence of Judges and Advocates to our country have been of great significance. . It should be noted that on October 13, 2020 at the session of the UN General Assembly for the first time in the history of our national statehood Uzbekistan was elected a member of the UN Human Rights Council for three years - 2021-2023. It was a universal and historical reality. The initiatives put forward by President Shavkat Mirziyoyev in his speech at the 46th session of the Human Rights Council require the implementation of bilateral issues within Uzbekistan and the United Nations, as well as with a wide range of international partners at the regional and global levels.

Thus, the multifaceted cooperation between Uzbekistan and the UN is successfully developing. The relations of the Republic of Uzbekistan with the world's largest international organization, the United Nations, will continue to develop on the basis of equality and mutually beneficial partnership.

Turkey's relations with the UN. Turkey attaches great importance to the United Nations, one of the founders of the United Nations and the only global organization that represents international legitimacy.

With this understanding, Turkey will take an active approach to the UN and try to contribute as actively as possible to research on all issues on the UN agenda; The Union of Civilizations has successfully maintained its leading role in mediating for peace and meeting the specific

development needs of the least developed countries; It seeks to be constructive and compromise on issues on the agenda, using membership in various groups and organizations.

As an expression of Turkey's active approach to the UN, the 75th session of the General Assembly was chaired by Ambassador Volkan Bozkir, former EU Minister and Chief Negotiator and Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Turkish Grand National Assembly. Thus, for the first time in the history of the United Nations, a citizen of the Republic of Turkey has assumed this high-level position in the UN system.

As of 2021, Turkey is the 14th largest contributor to the UN budget. Contributions made by countries to the general budget of the United Nations are determined by a special calculation method established by the UN General Assembly. In determining the three-year rate, which determines the payments, the national income, external debt and annual income per capita are lower than the world average.

Turkey's achievements in economic growth and development in recent years, policies for Africa, Latin America, the Caribbean and the Asia-Pacific region, EU prospects, G-20 membership and increased development assistance provides new opportunities.

According to the Global Humanitarian Aid Report, Turkey is the second largest donor country in the world with \$ 8.036 billion in humanitarian aid in 2021, allocating 0.98% of its gross national income that year to humanitarian aid. has achieved the status of “the most generous country in the world”.

Based on its experience in the field of international humanitarian aid, Turkey also supports the UN-led efforts to build a more just and efficient system in the global humanitarian system. In fact, the World Humanitarian Summit (WFP), initiated by former UN Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon, was held in Istanbul on May 23-24, 2016, hosted by Turkey. The summit, attended by 180 member states, was attended by 55 heads of state and government, more than 60 ministers and more than 40 international organizations at the level of Secretary-General and President. Together with other stakeholders, the total number of Summit participants reached 9,000. Believing that the United Nations should continue to be the hope of the peoples of the world, Turkey supports the steps taken for the UN system to work well. In this context, it also supports the reform efforts of the three pillars (peace and security, governance, development) initiated by the UN Secretary-General.

Cooperation between Uzbekistan and Turkey within the UN. If we look at the history of relations between the Republic of Uzbekistan and Turkey, there are many ties between the two brotherly peoples, the Uzbek and Turkish peoples. We can find this in almost every historical period.

Political, economic and cultural ties between the two fraternal peoples, who share the same language, religion, culture and way of life, are constantly evolving. Turkey was one of the first countries to recognize the independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan. While independence was declared on August 31, 1991, the Turkish state recognized the independence of our country on December 19, 1991. At present, the legal basis of cooperation is more than 60 treaties and agreements. These documents regulate relations in trade, economics, science and education, tourism, transport, culture, agriculture, light industry, leather processing.

The Intergovernmental Commission on Trade and Economic Relations between the two countries has been functioning since July 1995. The UN was established after World War II with 51 countries, including Turkey. In addition to being a founding member of the organization, Turkey is one of the most active members of the organization. Turkey is one of the largest recipients of humanitarian aid in the world. Turkey has a UNESCO Turkish

National Commission affiliated with the United Nations.

The United Nations Environment Program (UNEP) The program was established in 1972 in Nairobi, Kenya. Uzbekistan and Turkey are members of the United Nations Environment Program. The goal of the organization is to protect the environment, to constantly review the environment on a global scale, and to find solutions to international environmental problems.

The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) was established on November 16, 1945 in Paris, France. UNESCO's goal is to keep peace and to end poverty through education, science, culture, communication and information. Turkey is one of the 20 founding members of UNESCO and has had a permanent representative since 1971. In Turkey, the Turkish National Commission for UNESCO participates in the UNESCO program. Turkey also has 77 heritage sites on the UNESCO list. Turkey is the world leader in this field. Uzbekistan became a member of UNESCO on October 29, 1993. So far, the national list of intangible cultural heritage of Uzbekistan includes 74 objects. Four ancient cities of Uzbekistan - Samarkand, Bukhara, Khiva and Shakhrisabz - are included in the UNESCO list as a unique example of the world heritage.

In addition, Uzbekistan and Turkey are actively involved in humanitarian assistance within the UN. On the personal initiative of UN Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon, the first World Humanitarian Summit was held in Istanbul on May 23-24, 2016. The Summit was attended by 55 heads of state, more than 60 ministers and more than 40 secretaries general, presidents of international organizations.

The second meeting of the 2022 Uzbek-Turkish Strategic Partnership Council was held. The agenda of the talks between the leaders of Uzbekistan and Turkey includes the further development and strengthening of bilateral relations of friendship and strategic partnership, as well as multifaceted cooperation between the two countries. The main focus will be on the promotion of joint cooperation projects in trade, investment, innovation, industry, logistics, tourism and other sectors of the economy, the implementation of cultural and humanitarian exchange programs.

Shavkat Mirziyoyev paid a state visit to Turkey on February 19, 2020 at the invitation of Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdogan. Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdogan arrived in Uzbekistan on a state visit on April 29, 2018. Shavkat Mirziyoyev took part in the regular summit of the Cooperation Council of Turkic Speaking States in Istanbul, Turkey on November 11-12, 2021. The Council discussed issues of expanding multifaceted relations, especially in the areas of trade, investment, "green" economy, digital technologies, transport and communications, cultural and humanitarian exchanges.

In 2016, the volume of bilateral trade between Uzbekistan and Turkey amounted to 1.2 billion US dollars, while in 2017 this figure exceeded 1.5 billion US dollars. Last year alone, more than 20 enterprises with the participation of Turkish businessmen were established in our country, and 53 companies were accredited. Today, more than 550 firms and companies with Turkish capital operate in our country.

In recent years, a new page has been opened in the relations between Uzbekistan and Turkey. The political will and determination of Presidents Shavkat Mirziyoyev and Recep Tayyip Erdogan were an important basis for this. In other words, the friendly relations between the leaders of the two countries, regular meetings and cordial talks are a great impetus for the development of bilateral cooperation.

In particular, the visit of Recep Tayyip Erdogan to Samarkand in November 2016, the forum "One Place, One Way" in Beijing in May 2017, the Organization of Islamic Cooperation in Science and Technology, hosted by Astana in September. As part of the summit and the 72nd

session of the UN General Assembly on September 20, the leaders of Uzbekistan and Turkey discussed the prospects of bilateral relations. Uzbekistan and Turkey have established cooperation in political, trade, economic, investment, transport and communications, agriculture, transport, tourism, science and other areas.

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